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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/723,432	11/25/2003	Astrid Elbe	20046/0200502-US0	6238

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EXAMINER

RAHMAN, FAHMIDA

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2116

DATE MAILED: 03/14/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b> 10/723,432	<b>Applicant(s)</b> ELBE ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b> Fahmida Rahman	<b>Art Unit</b> 2116	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11/25/2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 2-8 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1 and 9-13 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 25 November 2003 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All    b) ☐ Some \*    c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)             |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>11/25/2003</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-13 are pending.

#### **Information Disclosure Statement**

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 11/25/2003 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

#### **Priority**

If applicant desires to claim the benefit of a prior-filed application under 35 U.S.C.120, a specific reference to the prior-filed application in compliance with 37 CFR 1.78(a) must be included in the first sentence(s) of the specification following the title or in an application data sheet. For benefit claims under 35 U.S.C. 120, 121 or 365(c), the reference must include the relationship (i.e., continuation, divisional, or continuation-in-part) of the applications.

If the instant application is a utility or plant application filed under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) on or after November 29, 2000, the specific reference must be submitted during the pendency of the application and within the later of four months from the actual filing date of the application or sixteen months from the filing date of the prior application. If the application is a utility or plant application which entered the national stage from an international application filed on or after November 29, 2000, after compliance with 35

Art Unit: 2116

U.S.C. 371, the specific reference must be submitted during the pendency of the application and within the later of four months from the date on which the national stage commenced under 35 U.S.C. 371(b) or (f) or sixteen months from the filing date of the prior application. See 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and (a)(5)(ii). This time period is not extendable and a failure to submit the reference required by 35 U.S.C. 119(e) and/or 120, where applicable, within this time period is considered a waiver of any benefit of such prior application(s) under 35 U.S.C. 119(e), 120, 121 and 365(c). A benefit claim filed after the required time period may be accepted if it is accompanied by a grantable petition to accept an unintentionally delayed benefit claim under 35 U.S.C. 119(e), 120, 121 and 365(c). The petition must be accompanied by (1) the reference required by 35 U.S.C. 120 or 119(e) and 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2) or (a)(5) to the prior application (unless previously submitted), (2) a surcharge under 37 CFR 1.17(t), and (3) a statement that the entire delay between the date the claim was due under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2) or (a)(5) and the date the claim was filed was unintentional. The Director may require additional information where there is a question whether the delay was unintentional. The petition should be addressed to: Mail Stop Petition, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450.

If the reference to the prior application was previously submitted within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 1.78(a), but not in the first sentence(s) of the specification or an application data sheet (ADS) as required by 37 CFR 1.78(a) (e.g., if the reference was submitted in an oath or declaration or the application transmittal letter), and the

Art Unit: 2116

information concerning the benefit claim was recognized by the Office as shown by its inclusion on the first filing receipt, the petition under 37 CFR 1.78(a) and the surcharge under 37 CFR 1.17(t) are not required. Applicant is still required to submit the reference in compliance with 37 CFR 1.78(a) by filing an amendment to the first sentence(s) of the specification or an ADS. See MPEP § 201.11.

### **Drawings**

Figure 6 and 7 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated.

See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

### **Claim Objections**

Claims 2-8,12 are objected because of the following informalities:

Art Unit: 2116

Claims 2-8 requires the electronic circuit of claim 1 with a controllable oscillator. However, claim 1 recites the controllable oscillator as an alternative to external clock input. Either controllable oscillator or external clock is required in claim 1. Examiner found the reference that teaches external clock input. Thus, claims 2-8 that recite the controllable oscillator have not treated on the merits.

Claim 12 recites "each peripheral unit" in line 1. However, the parent claim 1 recites only one peripheral unit. For the rest of the office action, it is assumed that claim 12 depends on claim 11, since claim 11 recites the plurality of peripheral units.

### **Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103**

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Williams et al (US Patent 5708801).

For claim 1, Williams et al teach the following limitations:

An electronic circuit (Fig 1) comprising:

a peripheral unit (15) having a clock connection (CHIP CLOCK) and a data connection ("DATA"), said clock connection being connected to an external clock input (CHIP CLOCK is external), so that the peripheral unit receives a second clock which is relatively prime with respect to the first clock and whose clock frequency has no common divisor with the first clock (lines 58-59 of column 2 mention that the ratio can be 2:1, 3:2, 4:3. Thus, when the clock frequencies are chosen as 3 MHz and 4 MHz, there is no common divisor. The frequencies would be prime with respect to each other);

synchronization means (14 and 16) comprising a first and a second data connection (DATA is shown as two way connection in Fig 1 for receiving and transmitting data on the bus. Thus, it has at least two connection with bus), said first data connection being connected to said data connection of said peripheral unit (Fig 1);

and a data bus (11) being connected to said data connection of said central processing unit (BUS has to connect with processor to transfer BUS data to processor) and to said second data connection of said synchronization means (bus is connected to 14 and 16).

Williams et al do not explicitly mention the following limitations:

Art Unit: 2116

a central processing unit having a clock connection for receiving a first clock and a data connection. Fig 1 of Williams et al does not show the CPU though it shows the BUS and data transfer between BUS and peripheral chip.

The BUS must be connected to a processor for processing the transferred data from chip to BUS. Thus there must be a CPU that is able to process the data in BUS. It is not mentioned that BUS clock is connected to the processor clock. However, BUS clock is often connected to processor clock in the simplified data processing system.

For claim 13, Williams et al teach a method of controlling an electronic circuit (abstract) having a central processing unit (BUS 11 must be connected to a CPU, since the system is a data communication system) and a peripheral unit (15) being connected to each other via a data bus (11), comprising:

clocking said central processing unit by a first clock ("BUS CLOCK");

clocking said peripheral unit by a second clock which is different from the first clock ("CHIP CLOCK"), so that the clock frequency of the second clock is relatively prime with respect to the clock frequency of the first clock (lines 58-59 of column 2 mention that the ratio can be 2:1, 3:2, 4:3. Thus, when the clock frequency are chosen as 3 MHz and 4 MHz, there is no common divisor. The frequencies would be prime with respect to each other);



and synchronizing data transmitted between said central processing unit and said peripheral unit via said data bus (Fig 1 shows the synchronizing circuitry 16).

Claims 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Williams et al (US Patent 5708801), in view of applicant's admission of prior art.

For claim 9, applicant admits that conventional circuitry of Fig 6 is a cryptography controller.

It would have been obvious for one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Williams et al and Applicant's Admission of Prior Art. One ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to have the cryptography controller, since cryptography is very useful tool for ensuring security.

For claim 10, AAPA shows 920a and 920b as coprocessors. Since, Fig 6 is a cryptography controller, it must process some cryptographic algorithm.

For claim 11, Fig 6 of AAPA comprises two coprocessors. However, AAPA does not mention that the peripheral unit being connected to oscillator.

Art Unit: 2116

Examiner takes an official notice that coprocessor connected to controllable oscillator is well known in the art.

One ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to connect controllable oscillator to coprocessor, since controllable oscillator produce clock to operate the coprocessors.

For claim 12, the two coprocessors operate in parallel performing various tasks as mentioned in [0012] of AAPA. Since Fig 6 shows the cryptography controller, the tasks should be encrypting/decrypting.

### **Conclusion**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Fahmida Rahman whose telephone number is 571-272-8159. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30 - 5:30.

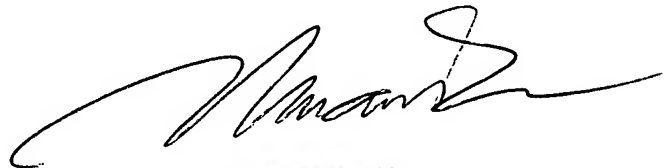
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynne Browne can be reached on 571-272-3670. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2116

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Fahmida Rahman  
Examiner  
Art Unit 2116

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A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Tuan N. Du', with a stylized, flowing script.

**THUAN N. DU**  
**PRIMARY EXAMINER**